

Institutional and organizational framework for recovery megaproject trigged by major disaster event

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Geologically related disasters

Landslides and Mudflows

Earthquakes

Dam failures

Dam Bursts and Mine Fires

Water and Climate Related Disasters

Floods and Drain

Cycones

Hailstorm

Tornadoes and Hurricanes

Cloud Burst

Heat Wave and Cold Wave

Snow Avalanches

Droughts

Sea Erosion

Thunder and Lightning

Biologically related disasters

Epidemics

Pest Attacks

Cattle epidemics

Food poisoning

Chemical disasters

Industrial related

Nuclear related

Accident related disasters

Forest Fires

Urban Fires

Mines Flooding Oil Spill Major Building Collapse Serial Bomb

Festival related

Blasts

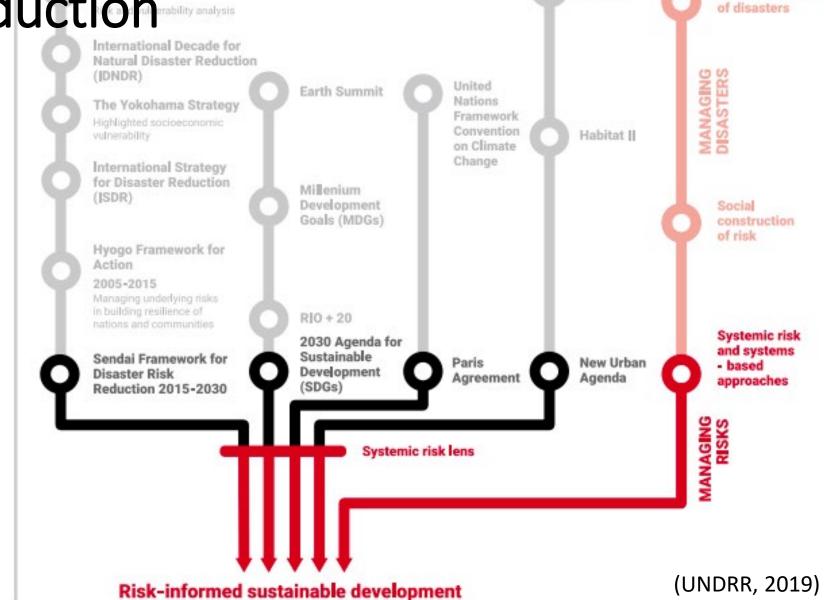
Electrical disasters and Fires Air, Road and Rail accidents

Boat Capsizing

Village Fires

Institutional framework, national government Institutional framework for Regulation leadership supported by disaster mngt success recovery partners Assessment, Executing Organization recovery plan & capacity structure evaluation Professionalism, sincerity, strong leadership, integrity, economy Decision making, Productivity, **Funding** non bureaucratic, flexibility, accountability high ability to adopt Evolution of the global policy agenda for disaster risk reduction

Sendai Framework



Hazard-based

Social dimension

approaches

			Hazard	Exposure	Vulnerability	Scale	Systems
	Framework 2015	Hyogo Framework 2005	 Earthquake Tsunami Riverine Flood Cyclonic Wind Storm Surge 	Structural	• Economic	GlobalNational	
	Sendai Fr		VolcanoFireBiologicalTechnological	AgriculureBasic Services	SocialEnvironmental	• Local	HumanEcologicalEconomic
			DroughtChemicalIndustrialNatechNuclearRadiological	HousingCritical SysSubsystemsNatural Capital	GovernanceLegalSecurity	RegionalSub-natMetropol	PoliticalCulturalFinancial

Sendai Framework & the pursuit of risk informed sustainable development

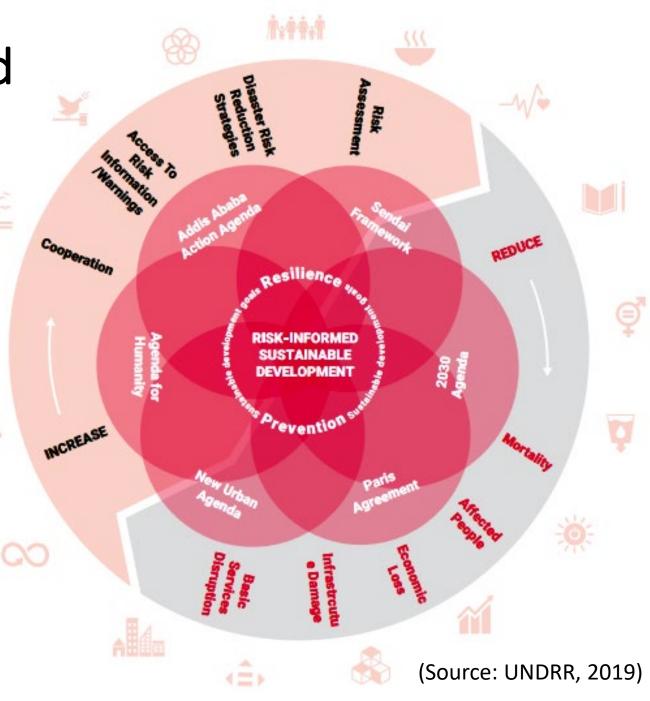
2030 Agenda

Paris Agreement on climate change

New Urban Agenda (NUA)

Addis Ababa Action Agenda (AAAA)

Agenda for Humanity



DM & (mega)projects

PRE-DISASTER:
Normal development

DISASTER:

Victims

Damage & loss survivors

POST-DISASTER:

Emergency/Relief Recovery

development

Strategic goals:

- The integration of disaster risk into development planning
- The development and strengthening of institutions, mechanisms and capacities for building resilience
- The incorporation of risk reduction approaches into emergency preparedness, response and recovery programmes

Priorities for Action:

- Ensure that DRR is a national and a local priority with a strong institutional basis for implementation
- Identify, assess and monitor disaster risks and enhance early warning
- Use knowledge, innovation and education to build a culture of safety and resilience at all levels
- Reduce the underlying risk factors
- Strengthen disaster preparedness for effective response at all levels

(Source: Hyogo Framework for Action, Japan, 2005)

Recovery framework – in general

- **1.** National Government Capacity
- 2. Coordination mechanism
- 3. IT System for monitoring and recovery basis data establishing

Restore living conditons & strengthen communities

Megaproject

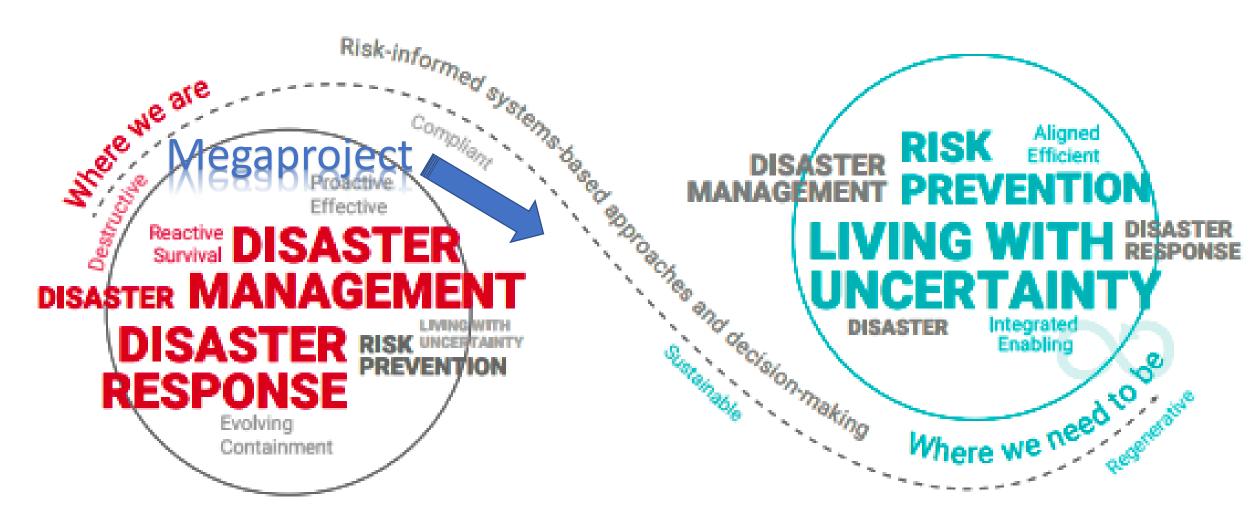
1. Trustable funding mechanisms

2. Strategy for linking disaster relief & long-term development

Plan & implement recovery projects

Coordinate & facilitate all stakeholders

Innovation curve & megaprojects



(Source: UNDRR 2019) (Megaproject is added)



DRM laws

- Relationship btw DRR & DRM legal frameworks
- Institutional frameworks for decentralized implementation in DRM law
- DRR financing in DRM laws
- Civil society, stakeholders communities & public participation
- Vulnerable groups inclusion

Reinforcing DRR in Building, planning and environmental laws

- In building codes & land use regulations
- In legal provisions for informal settlements
- In legal provisions on environmental mngt & impact assessments
- In climate change adaptation laws
- In natural resource management laws





Cross-cutting areas of law in support of DRR

- Constitutional & human rights
- Legal accountability, responsibility and liability
- Legal frameworks for disaster insurance & other risk-sharing mechanisms
- Customary law and DRR

Table 1: Indicative burden on the public purse from recent events

Country	Year	Disaster	Damage and Loss Damage (US\$m) (US\$m) Public share of Total				Estimated Recovery & Reconstruction Requirements Total (US\$m)
Seychelles	2013	Flood	5.2	3.1	8.3	(%) 70	30.3
Fiji	2013	Cyclone	67.2	41.2	108.4	17	67.0
Samoa	2012	Cyclone	103.3	100.6	203.9	55	206.0
Malawi	2012	Flood	1.4	1.5	2.9		7.3
Bhutan	2011	Earthquake			24.5		22.63
Pakistan	2011	Flood	3,208.0	522.0	3,730.0		2,747
Japan	2011	Earthquake		210,200			
Thailand	2011	Flood	2,046	2,604.0	4,650.0	10	50,000
Djibouti	2011	Drought	51.7	157.3	209	67	318
Kenya	2011	Drought	805.6	11,300	12,105.6		1,770
New	2010-	Earthquake		15,950		158	
Zealand	2011						

Source: Government of Seychelles, 2013; Government of Fiji ,2012; Government of Samoa, 2012; Government of Malawi, 2012; Royal Government of Bhutan, 2011; Government of Pakistan, 2011; Government of Japan, 2012; Government of Thailand, 2011; Government of Djibouti, 2011; Government of Kenva, 2011; and New Zealand Treasury, 2011.

O Ministarstvu Pristup informacijama ISPU geoportal Državna imovina EU sufinancirania Istaknute teme

Building Resilient Society for Earthquake ~ Role of each stakeholders ~

> Top Management Political Leadership

Well balanced Social system

Academia Scientific Evidence & Solution

Implementing Capacity

Government

Dislocated offices in Glina, Petrinja & Sisak

POTRESINFO SLUŽBENA STRANICA ZA

VODIČ ZA PODNOŠENJE ZAHTJEVA ZA OBNOVU





Mobile offices for informing and receiving requests

ije zgrada sad kuna je zgrada

la Zagreba, panije dosad je o novčanoj

samostalnoi bnovi zaprimljena su oku riešavania.



Izmjenama Programa mjera dodatno će se pojednostaviti procedure u obnovi i smanjiti potrebna dokumentacija

Danas je održana treća po redu sjednica Stručnog savjeta za obnovu, na kojoj se raspravljalo o jednom od prvih idućih koraka u pripremi organizirane obnove, a to su izmjene Prvog programa mjera, kao provedbenog i podzakonskog akta kojim se određuju

Info center in Zagreb

oštećenih potres e županije pje su teško otresu 29. prosinca. Za za upnika, troje ih je bilo protiv, sokoj fazi izrade je i provedbeni program mjera obnove, kojim će se

njene Zakona o

Regulation Framework

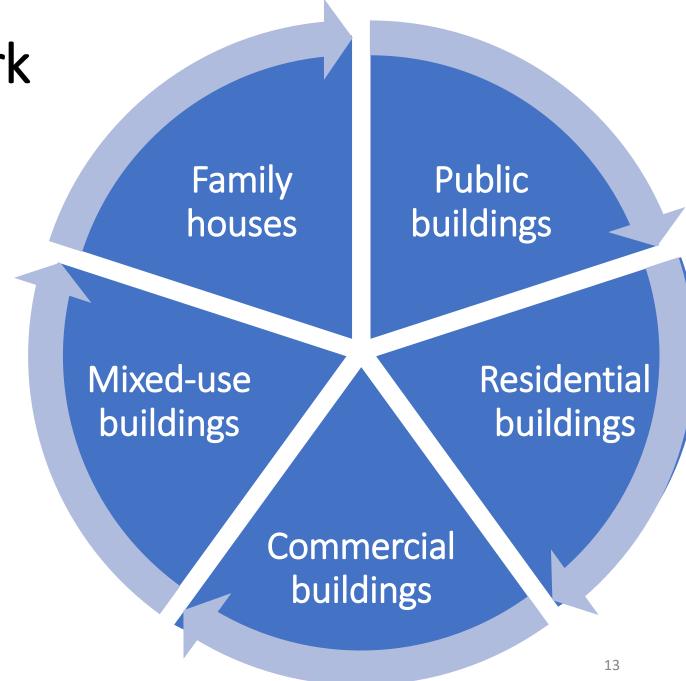
Recovery goals

Primary goal

Ensure mechanical resistance and stability in order to protect human health and life; prevent further damage

Secondary goal

Urban renewal & uran/rural regeneration



Green label

- √ U1, no right to a refund
- √ U2, right: reimbursement of funds for emergency repairs

Yellow label

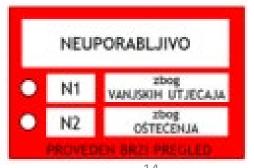
- ✓ right to refund of emergency rehabilitation works funds
- ✓ right to co-financing the construction part of the reconstruction
- ✓ return of funds spent for the project doc

Red label

- ✓ right to a **refund of emergency rehabilitation** works funds
- ✓ right to structural renewal
- ✓ right to removal funds
- ✓ construction of a demolished family home







Regulation & system adoptation

Building Act for Postearthquake recovery Ordinance for construction -

Program of measures (bylaw)

Technnical document ation policy (bylaw)

Forms

eRenovati on

> Solidarity Fund

National plan for resiliance

National/reg funds

Prevention &
future

• Long-term str





Technical Ordinance for construction: adaptation for mass application

Level 1

all buildings

Level 2

multi-apartment, residential and commercial buildings; public buildings with medium consequences that were slightly damaged in the earthquake

Level 3

buildings of "3" class of importance - buildings whose seismic resistance is important regarding the consequences related to demolition (pharmacies, schools, kindergartens, colleges, plants & equipment for supply, telecom, etc.)

Level 4

buildings of "4" class of importance - buildings whose integrity during the earthquake is of importance to the wider community (health facilities of greater importance, interview services, public administration buildings of vital importance for supply, telecom, energy buildings, buildings for storage of flammable liquids, gas and toxic materials)

Regulated authorities for the implementation of reconstruction

Ministry of Physical Planning,
Construction and State Assets

Fund for recovery (formed after earthquake)

Affected Counties

Central State Office of Housing

Expert advisors' group for post-earthquake recovery

Certified architects, certified civil, mechanical and electrical engineers

Supervisors

Contractors

Operational coordinators

Technical-financial control





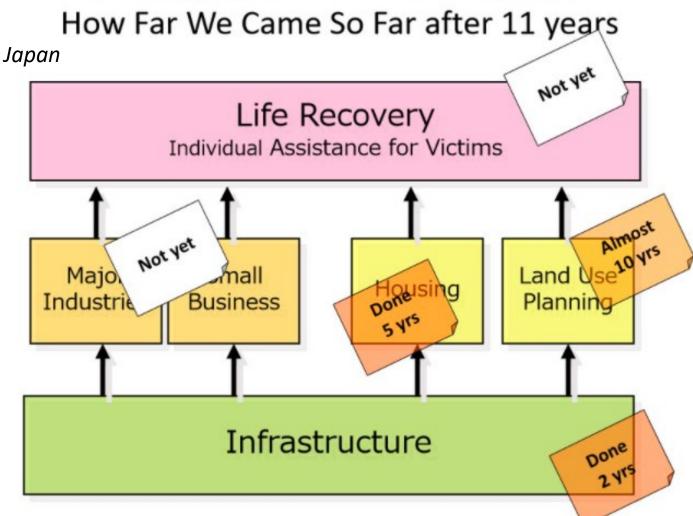
Croatia



√ 30/06/2021

finan.assist for project doc refund

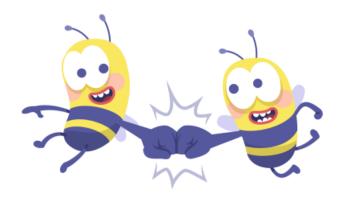
- √ 31/12/2021
 - finan.assist for temporary protection
 - for removing damaged building
- √ 31/12/2025
 - for removing damaged family house
 - for building demolished family house
 - for replacement family home refund
- √ 31/12/2027
 - for struct.ren or financ.assist for it
- √ 31/12/2030
 - For comprehensive ren



Source: Webinar (Croatia-Japan, March 2021): Towards Disaster Resilient Croatia, Haruo Hayashi, Ph.D., National Research Institute for Earth Science and Disaster Resilience (NIED), Japan



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION.



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